Exam. Code: 0311 Sub. Code: 2692

2022

M.Com. (Entrepreneurship & Family Business) 1st Semester

FB-106: Accounting for Managerial Decisions

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

NOTE:

Attempt five questions in all, selecting atleast two questions from each Unit.

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<u>UNIT - I</u>

- I. What is accounting? State various concepts, conventions and principles. What is the relationship between economics and accounting? (16)
- II. What do you mean by cost volume profit analysis? Explain break even analysis with its practical applications. (16)
- III. Write notes on:-
 - (a) Activity based budgeting
 - (b) Fixed and flexible budget
 - (c) Functional budget
 - (d) Master budget

(16)

IV. There are two plants manufacturing the same product under one corporate management which decides to merge them.

Following particulars are available regarding the two plants:

W 3	Plant 1	Plant 2
Capacity Operation	100%	60%
Sales	₹300lakhs	₹120lakhs
Variable cost	₹220lakhs	₹90lakhs
Fixed costs	₹40lakhs	₹25lakhs

You are required to calculate for the consideration of the board of directors:

- (a) What would be the capacity of the merged plant for the purpose of break even?
- (b) What would be the profitability on working at 80% of the merged capacity?
- (c) What would be the sales required to give an overall profit of ₹65 lakhs.

(16)

V. From the following information prepare a cash budget for the months of January to April:

\$20,000 K 1	Expected Purchases	Expected Sales
January	48,000	60,000
February	80,000	40,000
March	81,000	45,000
April	90,000	40,000

Wages to be paid to workers ₹5,000 each month. Balance at bank on 1st January ₹8,000. It has been decided by the management that:

- (a) In case of deficit of fund within the limit of ₹10,000 an arrangement can be made with the bank.
- (b) In case of deficit of fund exceeding ₹10,000 but within the limit of ₹42,000, issue of debentures is to be preferred.

Contd.....P/2

(2)

(c) In case of deficit of fund exceeding ₹42,000, issue of shares is preferred (considering the fact that it is within the limit of authorized capital). (16)

<u>UNIT – II</u>

- VI. What is standard costing? How it is related to variance analysis? State the various kinds of variances and their uses in computations of material, labour and overhead variances. (16)
- VII. What do you mean by responsibility accounting? Explain the various responsibility centres. What are the advantages and limitations of responsibility accounting? (16)
- VIII. What do you mean by transfer pricing? What role it plays in proper management? What are the various methods of transfer pricing? (16)
- IX. The standard cost card for a product shows at this:

Material Cost 2kg @ ₹2.50 each 5.00
Wages 2 hours @ .50 each 1.00
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The actual which have emerged from business operations as follows:

Production

8000units

Material consumed:

16,500 kg @ ₹2.40 each ₹39,600

Wages paid:

18000 hours @ .40₹ each ₹7200

Calculate appropriate material and labour variances.

(16)

X. What role does reporting system plays in effective management of an organization? Discuss the various kinds of reports prepared on different levels of management. (16)

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