

(i) Printed Pages : 4

Roll No.

(ii) Questions : 7

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Exam. Code :

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B.Sc. (General) 1st Semester

(1129)

PHYSICS

Paper-C

(Electricity and Magnetism-I)

Time Allowed : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 22

Note :—Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting TWO questions from each Units (I & II). Unit-III is compulsory. Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

UNIT—I

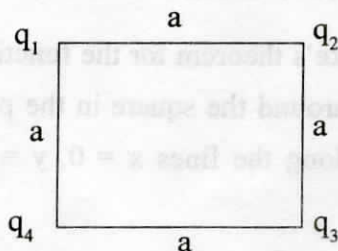
1. (a) State and prove Green's theorem in a plane.
(b) Verify Stoke's theorem for the function $\vec{E} = x(\hat{i}x + \hat{j}y)$ integrated around the square in the plane $z = 0$, whose sides are along the lines $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x = a$, $y = a$.
3,1½
2. (a) Find electric field due to an electric dipole at a point on its (i) axial line (ii) equatorial line.

- (b) A charge $+q$ is placed at the origin while a charge $+4q$ is placed at a distance of 2 m, from the origin along the X-axis. Calculate the position of the point where the resultant electric field is zero. $3, 1\frac{1}{2}$

3. (a) State and prove Gauss's law in electrostatics and hence show that a charged sphere acts externally as though its charge were concentrated at the centre.
- (b) The electric field inside a cube of side 10 cm is given by $\vec{E} = 4 \times 10^3 x \hat{i}$ N/C. Find the charge inside the cube. $3, 1\frac{1}{2}$

UNIT—II

4. (a) Show that electric potential due to uniformly charged spherical shell at any point inside it is equal to the value of the potential at its surface.
- (b) What is the electric potential energy of the charge configuration shown below :



Given that $q_1 = +1.0 \times 10^{-8}$ C

$q_2 = -2.0 \times 10^{-8}$ C

$$q_3 = + 3.0 \times 10^{-8} \text{ C}$$

$$q_4 = + 2.0 \times 10^{-8} \text{ C}$$

$$a = 1 \text{ metre} \quad 3, 1\frac{1}{2}$$

5. (a) Derive the differential form of Gauss's law in dielectrics.
(b) An isolated air gap parallel plate capacitor with capacitance C_0 has charge q . A dielectric having dielectric constant K is inserted between the plates. Find the change in energy stored in the capacitor. $3, 1\frac{1}{2}$
6. (a) Derive Laplace's equation. Show that the function $\phi = x^2 - y^2 + z$ satisfies the Laplace's equation.
(b) Prove that $K = 1 + \chi_e$, where letters have their usual meaning. $3, 1\frac{1}{2}$

UNIT—III

7. Attempt any **EIGHT** parts :—
- (i) What do you understand by solenoidal vector ?
- (ii) State the condition under which line integral of vector field is independent of the path of integration.
- (iii) An electron and proton are placed in uniform electric field \vec{E} . If e is the magnitude of charge on each, what will be net electric force on the system ?
- (iv) What is the angle between electric dipole moment and electric field due to a dipole on equatorial line ?

- (v) What do you understand by Gaussian surface ?
- (vi) What is meant by electrical image ?
- (vii) What are equipotential surfaces ?
- (viii) What do you understand by monopole and quadrupole ?
- (ix) What are S.I. unit of atomic polarizability ?
- (x) A sample of helium gas is subjected to an electric field of 6000 V cm^{-1} . Find Polarization produced in the sample. Given atomic polarizability is $0.18 \times 10^{-40} \text{ farad m}^2$ and number of helium atoms per unit volume is $2.6 \times 10^{25} \text{ atoms m}^{-3}$. $8 \times 1/2 = 4$

UNIT-III

Attempt any EIGHT parts :-

- (i) What do you understand by potential vector ?
- (ii) State the condition under which line integral of vector field is independent of the path of integration.
- (iii) An electron and proton are placed in uniform electric field \vec{E} . It is the magnitude of charge separated when will be net electric force on the system ?
- (iv) What is the angle between electric dipole moment and electric field due to a dipole on equatorial line ?