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**B.Sc. (Hons.) Biotechnology
Third Semester****BIOT C - III LT. Biochemistry****Time allowed: 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 67**

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting one question from each Unit.

x-x-x

I. Attempt the following:-

- a) What is substrate level phosphorylation?
- b) What is the role of feeder pathway?
- c) What is the significance of glycogenolysis?
- d) What is gluconeogenesis?
- e) What is ATPase complex?
- f) What is the role of salvage pathway for nucleotide synthesis?
- g) What is the precursor for cholesterol synthesis?
- h) Name the precursor amino acid for dopamine?
- i) What is the role of carnitine in fatty acid breakdown?
- j) What *are* transaminases? (10x1½)

UNIT - I

- II. a) Discuss what is substrate level phosphorylation and give its significance.
b) Explain the structural features of ATP responsible for its high phosphoryl transfer potential. (6,7)
- III. a) Discuss the role of activated carriers in metabolic pathways.
b) Explain different types of metabolic pathways. (7,6)

UNIT - II

- IV. a) Discuss the different reactions in glycogen synthesis.
b) Discuss the feeder pathway for fructose. (7,6)

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(2)

- V. a) Discuss the role of ATPase complex in oxidative phosphorylation.
b) Discuss the regulation of Kreb's cycle. (7,6)

UNIT – III

- VI. a) Describe the synthesis of ketone bodies and their physiological significance.
b) Discuss the degradation of fatty acids by beta oxidation. (7,6)
- VII. Discuss the synthesis of cholesterol. (13)

UNIT – IV

- VIII. a) Discuss the salvage pathway for the synthesis of purines. (7,6)
b) Explain the synthesis, of bile pigments from amino acids,
- IX. a) Discuss the catabolism of adenine.
b) Explain the synthesis of asparagine. (7,6)

x-x-x