

1059

B.A./B.Sc. (Hons.) Fourth Semester

History

Paper – II: Social and Cultural Trends in Medieval India

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 90

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting one question from each Unit.

x-x-x

I. Attempt any nine of the following in 25-30 words each:-

- a) Identify the main religions in India in the early 19th century.
- b) What was a Gurukul?
- c) What was the aim of the Kanya Mahavidyalaya?
- d) Highlight the implications of Macaulay's Minute.
- e) Explain 'Shuddhi'.
- f) What was Ba'iat?
- g) Why was the Singh Sabha established?
- h) What was the programme of the Prarthana Samaj?
- i) Who was Annie Besant?
- j) Explain Anumarana and Sahmarana.
- k) What was the Orthodox stand on widow remarriage?
- l) Name two organizations which supporter widow remarriage
- m) What was the goal of Jyotiba Phule?
- n) What were the main ideas of the Swami Narayan Guru?
- o) Explain the term 'Ad Dharm'.
- p) How would you define the term third world? (9x2)

UNIT – I

- II. Identify the broad trends in society in the early 19th century with reference to religion and literature. (18)
- III. Write an essay on the growth of women's education in modern times. (18)

UNIT – II

- IV. Evaluate the contribution of the Arya Samaj to the reform in religion and society on modern India. (18)

(2)

- V. Comment on the socio-religious reform movements in Maharashtra. (18)

UNIT – III

- VI. What were the main ideas and goals of the Theosophists? (18)
- VII. How did legislation help to uplift women in modern India? (18)

UNIT – IV

- VIII. Discuss the social protest movement in Maharashtra and Kerala in modern times. How did these movements contribute to change? (18)
- IX. Trace the literary developments in modern India with reference to Hindi, Bengali and Marathi language. (18)

x-x-x