

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting one question from each Unit.

x-x-x

I. Name the following:-

- a) End products of aerobic and anaerobic glycolysis.
- b) Why tumor cells require more glucose than healthy cells.
- c) Metabolic importance of pentose-phosphate pathway.
- d) Role of dietary fibers.
- e) Why is it important that gluconeogenesis is not exact reversal of glycolysis.
- f) Role of glycogenin.
- g) Why triglycerides are fuel reserves.
- h) What happen to fatty acid oxidation in uncontrolled Diabetes Mellitus?
- i) Name primary and secondary ketone bodies. (9x1)

UNIT – I

II. Explain:

- a) Glucose absorption and role of different glucose transporters.
- b) Role of bile salts in lipid digestion and absorption. (5,4)

III. Discuss:

- a) Various substrate of gluconeogenesis and their entry into the pathway.
- b) Pyruvate dehydrogenase complex and mechanism of its regulation. (5,4)

UNIT – II

IV. Explain:

- a) Different types of oxidation of fatty acids and their metabolic importance.
- b) Ketogenesis and starvation (4,5)

V. Discuss:

- a) Role of various phospholipases.
- b) Synthesis of phosphatidyl choline and phosphatidyl serine in mammals.(5,4)

(2)

UNIT - III

VI. Write in detail:-

- a) Oxidation in odd chain fatty acid and fate of propionyl CoA
- b) Substrates and steps through which carbohydrates are converted into triacylglycerols and role of various hormones. (5,4)

- VII. a) Enzyme and co-enzyme activities of fatty acid synthase multi enzyme complex and its regulation.
- b) How desaturation of fatty acids takes place. (6,3)

UNIT - IV

VIII. Discuss:

- a) Biosynthesis of eicosanoids.
- b) Different types of prostaglandins and their metabolic and pharmacological role. (4,5)

- IX. Write in detail cholesterol biosynthesis and specialized products synthesized from cholesterol. (9)

x-x-x