B.A./B.Sc. (General) 5th Semester Examination

volunta 1127 the diode current is

PHYSICS (Electronics and Solid State Devices-I) Paper: B

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 44

- Note: (i) Attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each of Unit-I and II.
 - (ii) Unit-III is compulsory. boils aid ad
 - (iii) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

4, (a) Draw the circuit delinit wave rectifier

1. (a) State principle, construction and working of cathode ray oscilloscope? How is it used for the measurement of frequency of the sinusoidal voltage input?

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	(b)	State and explain Norton's theorem.	3
2.	(a)	What are extrinsic semiconductors ? Derive an	
	O Log	expression for position of Fermi level in p-type semiconductor.	6
	(b)	A germanium diode with reverse saturation current of 10 μA is to be used. Calculate the	
(tu)		Forward voltage at which the diode current is 90 mA at 300 Kelvin.	3
3.	(a)	Define depletion-region capacitance of p-n junction diode and derive its expression by assuming acceptor concentration is very large as	
	(b)	compared to donor concentration. The band gap of GaAs semiconductor is 1.42 eV. Find the wavelength of radiation emitted	6
		by this diode. To suppose the half (iii)	3
4.	(a)	Draw the circuit diagram of full wave rectifier with π -section filter and derive an expression	
		for its ripple factor. Draw the diagram of full wave voltage doubler	6
		and explain its operation.	3
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- 5. (a) Explain the common collector transistor characteristics (input and output). Explain the condition to be used in saturation and active region.
 - (b) A zener diode uses a zener diode of 8 V having permitted dissipation of 0.10 mW. If load resistance is 100Ω and supply voltage is 10 V, then calculate the series resistance.
- (a) Draw the low frequency h-parameters equivalent circuit of a common emitter transistor amplifiers.
 Derive expression for output impedence and voltage gain.
 - (b) A transistor amplifier in CE configuration connects a source of internal resistance 2 k Ω to a load resistance of 50 k Ω . Find the input impedence and current gain.

Given $h_{ie} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $h_{re} = 2 \times 10^{-4}$, $h_{fe} = 140$, $h_{oe} = 20 \text{ }\mu\text{A/V}$.

Unit-III

- 7. Attempt any eight parts:
 - (a) What is ideal voltage source?
 - (b) State Thevenin's theorem.

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- (c) Name two applications of CRO.
- What is positive clipper?
- (e) Why space charge region is called depletion region?
- (f) Define peak inverse voltage.
- How does operating point of transistor amplifier (g) changes with temperature?

Derive expression for output in

- What are the disadvantages of transistor? (h)
- What is solar cell? (i)
- What is the principle of LED ?

 $8 \times 1 = 8$

(b) State Theyeam scheered histories has