(i) Printed Pages: 4] Roll No.

(ii) Questions : 9] Sub. Code : 0 4

Exam. Code : |0 | 0

B.A./B.Sc. (General) 5th Semester **Examination**

1127

THE VETTORS OF CHEMISTRY

(Inorganic Chemistry-A)

(Same for B.Sc. Microbiology and Food Technology)

Paper: XVII

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 22

- Note: (i) Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each Unit and Unit V is compulsory.
 - (ii) All questions carry equal marks.

What is meant by a I-tinU of a complex

1. (a) Discuss the crystal field splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral complexes.

NA-87

(1)

Turn Over

	(0)	Define Crystal field stabilization energy. Draw	
	I	energy level diagram to show the occupancy of	
		orbitals in the following systems:	
		(i) d^6 -Low spin, octahedral	
		(ii) d^8 -Tetrahedral	2
2.	(a)	How will you predict a given complex to be	
		high spin or low spin on the basis of crystal	
		field splitting (Δ_0) and pairing energy in	
		octahedral complexes ?	2
	(b)	Which of the following has higher crystal	
		field splitting energy and why?	
		(i) $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ or $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$	
		(ii) $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$ or $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$	2
		Unit-II	
3.	(a)	Differentiate between thermodynamic stability	
		and kinetic stability of the complexes with	
		examples. The large vivia another IIA (ii)	2
	(b)	What is meant by stability of a complex ?	
		Derive relationship between stepwise and	
		overall stability constants of the complexes.	2
N	A-8	(2)	

4.	(a)	What is Trans-Effect ? Which theory of it,	
		explain larger trans-effect of CO compared to	
		NH ₃ . O-dM to the more than the NH ₃ .	2
	(b)		
		complexes ? Show that inertness of a complex	
		has no relation with its thermodynamic	
		stability? South yet means is made	2
		the difference betwee III-tinU	
5.	(a)	What are metal carbonyls? Discuss the bonding	
		in these complexes and give evidences in	
		support of such bonding.	2
	(b)	Why do Organolithium compounds prefer to	co
		oligomerize than exists as single molecule ?	
		Draw the structure of (LiCH ₃) ₄ .	2
6.	(a)	What do you mean by Homogeneous	
		hydrogenation ? Name three homogeneous	
		hydrogenation catalysts used for homogeneous	
		hydrogenation of alkenes.) 2
	(b)	What is hapticity? Give examples of ligands of	
		various hapticity.	2
N	A-8	7 (3) Turn C	Over

Unit-IV

7.	(a)	Draw and discuss Hb-O ₂ bonding curve at	
	g- 1.	different partial pressures of O2. How is it	
		different from that of Mb-O ₂ curve? 2	
	(b)	What is meant by essential Trace elements ?	
		Give examples. Discuss the role of any two of	
		these.	
8.	(a)	What is meant by Nitrogen Fixation? Write	
		the difference between Nitrogen fixation and	
		Nitrogen assimilation. 2	
	(b)	What is Porphyrins ? Draw and discuss the	
		structure of Heme. 2	
		Unit-V	
9.	Compulsory questions:		
	(a)	Give one example each of two electrons and	
		four electrons donor ligands.	
	(b)	What is Zeise salt ?	
	(c)	Name two powerful trans ligands.	
	(d)	Define EAN rule with example.	
	(e)	What is importance of spectro-chemical series?	
	(f)	What are Oxyhaemoglobin and Oxymyoglobin ?	

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1×6=6