

1127

Bachelor of Computer Applications

Third Semester

BCA-301: Computer Based Numerical and Statistical Methods  
(Old Syllabus 2016-17)

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 90

**NOTE:** Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. 9 (Section-E) which is compulsory and selecting one question each from Section A-D. Non-programmable and non-storage type calculator is allowed. Log table may be allowed.

x-x-x

**Section A**

- Q 1. a) How a floating point number is stored in the memory of a computer?  
 b) Subtract the following two floating point numbers  $0.36143447 \times 10^7$  and  $0.36132346 \times 10^7$  and give the result in normalized floating point number.  
 c) Given that  $\alpha$  is the only root of equation:  $x^3 - x^2 - 6 = 0$ :  
 i) Show that  $2.2 < \alpha < 2.3$  (6, 6, 6)
- Q 2. a) What do you mean by roots of an equation? Explain Newton-Raphson method of evaluating roots of a non-linear equation.  
 b) Define error. Write and explain different errors arising due to numerical computations with suitable example.

(9, 9)

**Section B**

- Q 3. a) Solve the below given equations using Gauss Elimination method:  

$$\begin{aligned} x + y + z &= 6 \\ 3x + 3y + 4z &= 20 \\ 2x + y + 3z &= 13 \end{aligned}$$
  
 b) Discuss the Gauss Seidel method for the solution of simultaneous equations. What is Pivoting- Explain its use in Gauss Seidel Method?

(9, 9)

- Q 4. a) Using Gauss – Jordan method, find inverse of the following:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 2 \\ 13 & 7 & 10 \\ 8 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Find approximate value of following integral:

$$I = \int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x}$$

Using i) Trapezoidal Rule ii) Simpson's Rule.

(9, 9)



### Section C

Q 5. a) Construct a frequency distribution of following data, using 5 classes:

10 15 12 24 30 17 20 12 11 13  
22 22 23 26 12 12 29 10 11 10

b) Find the mean, median and mode of a data set: 23, 63, 52, 29, 29, 55, 41, 36 and 34.

c) What is difference between mean and standard deviation?

(6, 6, 6)

Q 6. a) Write a program in C to compute mean, median and mode of a data set.

b) Explain the following in statistics with suitable example:

i) Harmonic Mean

ii) Geometric Mean

(9, 9)

### Section D

Q 7. Fit a line  $y = m.x + b$  ( by the method of least squares) to the following data:

x	8	2	11	6	5	4	12	9	6	1
y	3	10	3	6	8	12	1	4	9	14

Q 8. Write a program in C to implement linear regression algorithm.

(18, 18)

### Section E

Q 9. Define\ Explain the following terms:

- Kurtosis
- Relative Error
- Role of Runge-Kutta Methods
- Disadvantages of Bisection method
- Cumulative Frequency
- ill Conditioned
- Skewness
- Mantissa and Exponent
- Usage of Birge – Vieta method

(9×2=18)