(i) Printed Pages: 3

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Roll No.

(ii) Questions

Sub. Code : 0 Exam. Code : 0

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B.A./B.Sc. (General) 2nd Semester

1048

## MATHEMATICS

## Paper : I Solid Geometry

Time Allowed : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 30 Note :— Attempt five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section. All questions carry equal marks.

## SECTION-A

- (a) Shift the origin to a suitable point so that the equation
   x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> + z<sup>2</sup> 4x 8y + 6z 4 = 0 is transformed
   into an equation in which the first degree terms are
   absent.
  - (b) Transform the equation  $13x^2 + 13y^2 + 10z^2 + 8xy 4yz$ - 4zx - 144 = 0 when the axes are rotated to the axes having direction cosines

$$\left\langle -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \right\rangle, \left\langle \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \right\rangle$$
 and  $\left\langle \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3} \right\rangle$ .

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- 2. (a) Find the equation of the sphere passing through (1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 1) and whose centre lies on the plane 3x y + z = 2.
  - (b) Find the centre and radius of the circle given by  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 49$ , 2x + 3y + 6z = 14.
- 3. (a) Show that the plane 2x 2y + z + 12 = 0 touches the sphere x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> + z<sup>2</sup> 2x 4y + 2z = 3 and find the point of contact.
  - (b) Find the equation of the tangent planes to sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 6x - 2z + 1 = 0$  which pass through the lines x + z - 16 = 0, 2y - 3z + 30 = 0.
- 4. (a) Find the equation of right circular cylinder of radius 3 and having for its axis the line :

$$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{5-z}{7}$$

(b) Find the equation of cylinder whose generatizes are parallel to the line  $\frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y+1}{-2} = \frac{z-3}{4}$  and whose guiding curve is the parabola  $x^2 + 2y = 0$ , z = 0.

## SECTION-B

5. (a) Find the equation of the right circular cone whose vertex is at the point (2, 1, -3), semivertical angle 30° and the direction cosines of whose axis are 3 : 4 : -1.

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(b) Find the equation of the quadric cone which passes through the three coordinates axes and the three mutually perpendicular lines  $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{-2} = \frac{z}{3}, \frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{-1} = \frac{z}{-1},$ 

$$\frac{x}{5} = \frac{y}{4} = \frac{z}{1}.$$

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- (a) Find the equation of the cone whose vector is (2, -3, 1)and whose guiding curve is  $4x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , z = 0.
- (b) Find the equation of the cone circumscribing the sphere x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> + z<sup>2</sup> + 2x 2y 2 = 0 and having its vertex at (1, 1, 1).
- 7. (a) Prove that the equation  $4x^2 y^2 + 2z^2 + 2xy 3yz + 12x$ - 11y + 6z + y = 0 represents a cone whose vector is (-1, -2, -3).
  - (b) Find the lines in which the plane x 2y z = 0 cuts the cone  $3x^2 + 4y^2 z^2 = 0$ . Find the angle between them.
- 8. (a) Show that the equation x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> + z<sup>2</sup> 6yz 2zx 2xy 6x 2y 2z + 2 = 0 represents a hyperboloid of two sheets.
  - (b) Reduce the equation

 $6y^2 - 18yz - 6zx + 2xy - 9x + 5y - 5z + 2 = 0$ to the standard form.

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