Exam.Code:0004 Sub. Code: 0358

1057

B.A./B.Sc. (General) Fourth Semester Bio-Technology

BIOT-Elec-Sem-IV-T: Fundamental of Molecular Biology and Genetics

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. IX (Unit-III) which is compulsory and selecting two questions each from Unit I - II.

x-x-x

<u>UNIT – I</u>

- I. a) Describe the experiment which gives the evidences that DNA is the molecular basis of life?
 - b) Describe the process of replication in prokaryotes with diagram? $(2x7\frac{1}{2})$

II. a) Describe the structure of DNA with various types and their properties?

- b) Describe the molecular mechanisms involved in Homologous recombination with diagram? (2x7¹/₂)
- a) What are the major differences between eukaryotic and prokaryotic genes?b) What major post-transcriptional modifications occur in the eukaryotes? (2x)
 - b) What major post-transcriptional modifications occur in the eukaryotes? $(2x7\frac{1}{2})$
- IV. a) What is rho dependent and rho independent termination of transcription?
 - b) How is RNA processed and modified after its synthesis in eukaryotes? $(2x7\frac{1}{2})$

<u>UNIT – II</u>

- V. a) Describe the translational process in prokaryote with diagram?
 - b) Discuss the role of various transcription factors in regulating gene expression in eukaryotes? (8,7)
- VI. a) What do you understand by post translational modifications? Discuss in relation to Acetylation?
 - b) How does the termination process of translation in prokaryotes differ from eukaryotes? Describe with the help of diagrams? (8,7)
- VII. a) Discuss the Mendel's two laws of inheritance with examples?
 - b) How is chromosomal banding help in identifying structural aberrations in chromosomes? (8,7)

P.T.O.

VIII. a) Describe the Hardy-Weinberg law and how is it used to find the gene frequency?
b) Define mutation? Give a detailed account of mutations caused by various chemical mutagens? (8,7)

<u>UNIT – III</u>

IX.

W	rite	in brief about:-	Anemper jur
	a)	Primer and Primase	(2)
	b)	Promoter and Represser	(2)
	c)	Phosphorylation	(2)
	d)	Allelic and gene frequency	(2)
	e)	Induced mutations	. (2)
	f)	Punnet Square	(21/2)
	g)	Linkage in mapping	(21/2)

x-*x*-*x*

a) What do you understand by post translational modifications? Discuss in relation to

a) Discuss the Mendel's two leves of inheritance with examply