

(i) Printed Pages : 3

Roll No.

(ii) Questions : 7

Sub. Code :

0	3	4	7
---	---	---	---

Exam. Code :

0	0	0	4
---	---	---	---

B.A./B.Sc. (General) 4th Semester

1046

PHYSICS

Paper : C-Quantum Physics-II

Time Allowed : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 22

- Note :- (1) Attempt **five** questions in all, selecting **two** questions from each of Sections A and B. Section C is compulsory.
- (2) Use of non-programmable calculator or log table is allowed.

SECTION-A

- I. (a) Show that the average life time of an atom in the excited state is inversely proportional to transition probability. What are strongly allowed and weakly allowed transitions ? 2
- (b) What is Anomalous Zeeman Effect ? Discuss its theory by taking the case of sodium lines. 2
- II. (a) Give brief description of Stern - Gerlach experiment. What conclusions do you draw from it ? 2.5
- (b) Calculate Lande's g factor for s-electron and $^2P_{3/2}$ state. 1.5

- III. (a) What is fine structure of atomic spectra ? How is it explained ? Illustrate with an example of hydrogen spectral line. 2.5
- (b) Calculate the two possible orientations of spin angular momentum S with respect to magnetic field direction. 1.5

SECTION-B

- IV. (a) What are symmetric and antisymmetric wavefunctions ? Show that the total wavefunction of fermions is antisymmetric. 2.5
- (b) What is LS coupling ? Draw a fully labelled energy level diagram showing the levels of $4s, 3d$ configuration. 1.5
- V. (a) State and explain Mosley's law. Derive it from Bohr's theory. 2.5
- (b) What is Auger effect and explain its achievement in explaining photoelectric effect using X-Ray. 1.5
- VI. (a) How classical and quantum mechanical theories explain Raman effect ? 3
- (b) The force constant k of the bond in CO is 187 N/m . Find the frequency of vibration of the CO molecule and the spacing between its vibrational energy levels. 1

SECTION-C (Compulsory)

VII. Attempt any six parts :

- (i) What are bonding and antibonding states of molecules ?
- (ii) Draw four graphs to show that in case of continuous spectrum of X-rays, $\lambda_{\min} \propto 1/V$.
- (iii) What are the selection rules for observing spectra of many electron system ?
- (iv) How spin-orbit coupling linked with fine structure ?
- (v) What was the necessity of introducing the concept of electron spin ?
- (vi) Explain the meaning of Larmor precession and Larmor frequency.
- (vii) Calculate the values of l , s and j and L , S and J for a 'd' electron in an electron atomic system. 1×6=6