(i) Printed Pages: 4

Ouestions

:9

(ii)

 Roll No.

 Sub. Code :
 1
 9
 7

 Exam. Code :
 3
 0
 7

M.A. 1st Semester

1125

ECONOMICS

Paper : MAECO-103 : Quantitative Methods-I

Time Allowed : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note :- The first question is compulsory. Answer any ten short answer type questions. Each question is of 2 marks. Attempt one question each from the remaining four Units. Simple, nonscientific and non-programmable calculator is allowed.

1. Attempt any **ten** of the following questions in **25-30** words each :

- (i) State the Euler's theorem.
- (ii) Distinguish between total and partial derivative.
- (iii) Diff. $(3x + 2)^{1/3} (x + 1)$ with respect to x.
- (iv) Prove that for the demand curve $\underline{a} p^{-a} = b$, where a, b are constants, elasticity of demand = -a.
- (v) What do you mean by Present Value?
- (vi) Distinguish between Simple Growth Rate and Compound Growth Rate.
- (vii) Define Linear Dependence of vectors.

- (viii) Explain adjoint of a Matrix.
- (ix) Distinguish between Multiple and Partial correlation.

5

- (x) Distinguish between R^2 and adjusted R^2 .
- (xi) What do you mean by Time Series Analysis ?
- (xii) Explain Expected Value.
- (xiii) Distinguish between classical and axiomatic definitions of probability.
- (xiv) Explain modified exponential curve.
- (xv) What are the limitations of Index Numbers ? $10 \times 2=20$

UNIT-I

- 2. (a) Verify that fxy = fyx when $u = x^y + y^x$.
 - (b) Examine the following function for maximum and minimum $U = 2x^{2} + 2y^{2} + 9 - 6x - 5y - 2xy.$ 8,7
- 3. (a) Verify that elasticity of demand $(\eta) = \frac{AR}{AR MR}$ for the Linear Demand Curve P = a bx.
 - (b) If the demand function is $P = \sqrt{9 Q}$, find at what level of output Q, the total revenue TR will be maximum and what will it be? 8.7

UNIT-II

4. (a) A manufacturer may obtain a machine either by leasing it for 6 years (useful life) at annual rent of Rs. 3,000 or by purchasing

1972/BHJ-32474

the machine for Rs. 8,500. If the company can borrow money at 10% per annum, which alternative is preferable?

(b) Write the quadratic form corresponding to the symmetric

$$matrix \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & -2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. (a) Find the adjoint of matrix :

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Solve the following equations by using matrix inverse method

$$2x - y + 3z = 9$$

 $x + y + z = 6$
 $x - y + z = 2$
87

UNIT-III

- 6. (a) If $r_{13} = 0.65$, $r_{23} = 0.6$ and $r_{12} = 0.4$, calculate the value of $r_{12.3}$ and $R_{1.23}$.
 - (b) Given the following, find the regression equation of X_1 on

 X_2 and X_3 .

\mathbf{X}_1	:	12	22	32	28
X ₂	0:00	6	12	16	22
X ₃	: ,	4	6	12	. 18

1972/BHJ-32474

[Turn over

7.8

8,7

- (a) Explain any one method of measuring seasonal indices or time series.
 - (b) The sales of a company in lakhs of rupees for the years 1997 to 2003 are given below :

Year : 1997 1998 2002 1999 2000 2001 2003 Sales : 32 47 65 92 132 190 275 Find trend values by using the equation $Y = ab^x$ and estimate the value for 2004. 8.7

UNIT-IV

- 8. (a) In a single throw with two dice, find the chance of throwing
 (i) 8 and,
 (ii) 11
 - (b) Calculate first four moments about the mean :

Marks :	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No. of students	: 8	12	20	30	15	10	5
							8,7

- (a) Explain the various tests to be satisfied by a Good Index number.
 - (b) Calculate Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's Ideal Index number from the following data :

Commodity	19	990	19	1991	
	Price	Exp.	Price	Exp.	
A	10 .	100	8	96	
В	16	96	14	98	
C	12	36	10	40	
D	15	60	5	25	

4

6,9

7.

9.