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M.Sc. (Applied Chemistry / Pharmaceutical) Third Semester  
Paper – 302: Physical Pharmacy

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

**NOTE:** Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting one question from each Unit.

x-x-x

I. Attempt the following:-

- Write the expression for Kelvin equation.
- Explain the term Zeta Potential. Discuss its role in the flocculation of colloidal systems.
- Discuss the role of hydrogen bonding in solubility.
- Explain the use of dialysis in the purification of colloidal systems.
- What do you understand by the term Kinematic Viscosity?
- Write an account on the determination of shelf life using Arrchenius plot. (6x2)

UNIT – I

- Derive Young-Laplace equation and explain its significance in surface chemistry.
  - Classify surface active agents and discuss their pharmaceutical applications. (6,6)
- Derive thermodynamically the Cribbs adsorption isotherm for the adsorption of a solute on the surface of a liquid.
  - Explaining the surface phenomenon, discuss the concept of surface tension and interfacial tension.
  - Describe any two methods of determining HLB values of surfactants. (3x4)

UNIT – II

- Discuss in detail the various electrical and electrokinetic properties of hydrophobic colloidal systems.
  - Discuss solute-solvent interactions. What are the various techniques that can be used to enhance the solubility of solids in liquids? (6,6)
- Discuss the various solubility parameters.
  - Explain the various types of solubility waves. (6,6)

P.T.O.

(2)

**UNIT – III**

- VI. a) With the help of labelled diagram, explain the principle and working of red wood viscometer.
- b) Define viscosity and elaborate the concept, establishing relationship between shear rate and shear stress. (6,6)
- VII. a) Discuss the principle and working of Brookfield viscometer. Also give its advantages and disadvantages.
- b) Explain the applications of rheology in the field of pharmaceuticals. (6,6)

**UNIT – IV**

- VIII. a) Discuss the influence of temperature, heat and catalytic species on the stability of drugs.
- b) How do you predict the stability of common pharmaceutical substances? (6,6)
- IX. Discuss mechanism of formation and analysis of metal complexes. (12)

x-x-x