(i)	Printed Pages: 4		Roll No				
(ii)	Questions :	:9	Sub. Code:	0	2	5	0
(11)			Exam. Code:	0	0	0	3

B.A./B.Sc. (General) 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester (2122)

#### **CHEMISTRY**

Paper: IX (Inorganic Chemistry-A)
(Same for B.Sc. Microbial & Food Technology)

Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 22

Note: — Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 9, which is compulsory and selecting ONE question from each unit.

#### UNIT-I

- (a) Discuss the variation of (i) Atomic Radii (ii) Melting and boiling points (iii) Ionisation energies, in the elements of first transition series.
  - (b) What is use of  $V_2O_5$ ?
- 2. (a) Draw the structure of [Cr(CH<sub>3</sub>COO)<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O]<sub>2</sub>. What is bond multiplicity between the two metal atoms in it?
  - (b) Cu<sup>2+</sup> ions are coloured and paramagnetic while Zn<sup>2+</sup> ions are colourless and diamagnetic. Explain.

(c) Calculate the magnetic moment (Spin only) for Mn<sup>2+</sup> ion.

### UNIT-II

- 3. (a) Compare the second and third transition series with first transition series in terms of:
  - (i) Spectrochemical properties
  - (ii) Magnetic behaviour.

2

- (b) Draw the structures of (i) Nb<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>10</sub> (ii) W<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>9</sub><sup>3-</sup>. 2
- 4. (a) ZrCl<sub>4</sub> is more stable chloride of Zirconium while for Palladium, it is PdCl<sub>2</sub>. Explain.
  - (b) How is the reactivity of Hg different from Zn and Cd?

2

#### UNIT—III

- (a) What do you understand by chelating agent and chelate?
   Explain with example.
  - (b) Write the IUAC names of the following:
    - (i) [Co(en)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>]Cl
    - (ii) K[CrF<sub>4</sub>O]

2

(c) Define and explain linkage isomerism with examples.

1

- 6. (a) Explain geometrical isomerism with suitable examples in compounds having co-ordination number 6.
  3
  (b) Calculate EAN of central atom in the following and tell which of them obey EAN Rule :
  - (i) [Ni(CN)<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2-</sup>
  - (ii)  $[Fe(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$

1

## UNIT-IV

- (a) Ferricyanide ion and ferrocyanide ion, both are octahedral but show marked differences in their magnetic behaviour.

  Explain on the basis of VBT.
  - (b) What are the limitations of VBT of transition metal complexes?
  - (c) Differentiate between inner and outer orbital complexes.

1

- 8. (a) Explain the geometry and magnetic character of  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$  and  $[N_1(CO)_4]$  complexes on the basis of VBT.
  - (b) Give important applications of co-ordination complexes in(i) Catalysis (ii) Medical field.

# UNIT-V

- 9. (i) Name the metal ions present in Chlorophyll and Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>.
  - (ii) Write the formula of Mercury tetraisothiocyanato Cobalt (II).
  - (iii) What are ambidentate ligands? Give two examples.
  - (iv) Write the electronic configuration of Ag(z = 47).
  - (v) What will happen when acidified KMnO<sub>4</sub> is treated with I ? Write the Reaction equation.
  - (vi) Why does Mn(II) ion show maximum paramagnetic character amongst the bivalent ions of first transition series?
    1×6