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B.A./B.Sc. (General) 5th Semester (2122)

MATHEMATICS

Paper-I: Analysis-I

Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 30

Note:—Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least two questions from each Unit.

UNIT-I

- 1. (a) Show that set of integers is countable.
 - (b) Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ on [1, 4]. Find L(p, f) by dividing [1, 4] into three equal sub-intervals. 3+3=6
- (a) Prove that every continuous function on closed interval is Riemann integrable.
 - (b) If f is R-integrable on [a, b] and |f(x)| ≤ k ∀ x ∈ [a, b] then prove that:

$$\left| \int_a^b f(x) \, dx \right| \le k(b-a)$$
 3+3=6

- 3. (a) Show that $\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \le \int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx \le \frac{1}{3}$
 - (b) Give an example of a bounded function "f" defined on a closed interval such that |f| is R-integrable but f is not.
 3+3=6
- 4. (a) Prove that $\int_{-1}^{\infty} \frac{x+1}{(x+2)^6} dx = \frac{1}{20}$

(b) Use B(m, n) =
$$\frac{\lceil (m) \rceil (n)}{\lceil (m+n) \rceil}$$
 to prove $\lceil \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$.

UNIT-II

- 5. (a) Test for convergence of integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx$.
 - (b) Examine for convergence $\int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{\sinh x} \right) \frac{dx}{x}. \quad 3+3=6$
- 6. (a) Use Dirichlet's test to show $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$ is convergent at ∞ .
 - (b) State and prove Abel's test for convergence of Improper integral. 3+3=6

7. (a) Discuss the convergence of the integral

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{(x-1)^{1/2} (2-x)^{1/3}}.$$

(b) Use Frullani Theorem and prove that:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-ax} - e^{-bx}}{x} dx = \log\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) \text{ where } a > 0, b > 0.$$
3+3=6

- 8. (a) If |a| < 1 then evaluate $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{\log(1 + a \cos x)}{\cos x} dx$.
 - (b) Using $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{x^2 + a} = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{a}}$, prove that :

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^{2} + a)^{n+1}} = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{1.3.5.....(2n - 1)}{2.4.6.....(2n)} \cdot \frac{1}{a^{n + \frac{1}{2}}}$$

3+3=6