(i)	Printed Pages: 3		Roll No				
(ii)	Questions : 9	9	Sub. Code:	0	1	5	1

Exam. Code: 0 0 2 8

B.A./B.Sc. (General) 2nd Semester

(2053)

CHEMISTRY

Paper: V Inorganic Chemistry-B (Same for B.Sc. Microbial & Food Tech.)

Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 22

Note: — Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 9 which is compulsory and selecting ONE question from each unit.

UNIT-I

- 1. (a) Explain bcc and ccp type of arrangement with suitable diagrams. Where are tetrahedral and octahedral interstitial sites located in the crystal lattice?
 - (b) Write the defects in stoichiometric crystals. What are the consequences of metal excess defects? 2,2
- (a) Draw and explain the structure of CaF₂ Using close packing model.
 - (b) What are semiconductors? Explain what is meant by n-type and p-type semiconductor? 2,2

UNIT-II

- 3. (a) How does Born Haber cycle help in the determination of lattice energy?
 - (b) Is covalent character possible in ionic compounds? Explain polarization and polarizability giving example.
 2,2
- (a) Why silver halides AgCl, AgBr and AgI are insoluble in water but silver fluoride AgF is soluble in water? Explain.
 - (b) Explain different types of van der Waals forces. 2,2

UNIT-III

- (a) Define diagonal relationship. Give resemblance between boron and silicon.
 - (b) Draw bonding in B₂H₆ showing different parameters. 2,2
- 6. (a) What are carbides? Discuss interstitial carbides.
 - (b) What happens when boric acid is heated to redness?
 Write the reaction.
 2,2

UNIT-IV

- (a) (i) Discuss the trend in bond angle of hydrides of nitrogen family from top to bottom.
 - (ii) Draw the structure of P₄O₆ and P₄O₈.
 - (b) Explain the structure of OF₂. Why is the bond angle of OF₂ molecule smaller than that of Cl₂O? 2,2

- 8. (a) Nitric acid acts only as an oxidizing agent while nitrous acid can act both oxidizing agent reducing agent. Why?
 - (b) (i) ICl, does not exist while IF, exists. Explain.
 - (ii) Write the shape of CIF_4 and IF_4 2,2

UNITY

- (a) What is the co-ordination number of Rb+ in RbBr and RbI? The ionic radii of Rb+, Br and I ions are 1.47, 1.95 and 2.16Å respectively.
 - (b) How does solubility of ionic solids depend upon the lattice energy?
 - (c) What are the conditions for forming hydrogen bond?
 - (d) How many pentagonal and hexagonal faces are present in C_{70} and C_{76} fullerences?
 - (e) Draw structure of borazine. Why is it called inorganic benzene?
 - (f) Why nitric acid becomes brown when released in air? $6 \times 1 = 6$