(ii) Questions :9 Sub. Code : 0 3 5 2 Exam. Code : 0 0 0 4

B.A./B.Sc. (General) 4th Semester (2054)

#### CHEMISTRY

(Same for B.Sc. Microbial & Food Technology)

Paper: XV Physical Chemistry-B

Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 22

Note:—Candidate is required to attempt FIVE questions in all including Q. No. 9 (which is compulsory) and attempt remaining FOUR questions by selecting ONE question from each Section.

## SECTION-A

- (a) Draw a well labelled diagram of sulphur system and discuss its salient features.
  - (b) State Gibbs phase rule. Explain the terms involved in it. Discuss the derivation of phase rule from thermodynamic considerations.
- (a) What is meant by upper critical solution temperature?
   Illustrate phenol-water system.
  - (b) Discuss the applications of Nernst distribution law. 2

### SECTION-B

- (a) Define the terms conductance, specific conductance and molar conductance. How are these related to each other?
  - (b) Explain Oswald's dilution law and its limitations. What are its applications?
- 4. (a) Discuss the limitations of Arrhenius theory. How does Debye Huckel theory explain the anomalus behaviour of strong electrolytes?
  - (b) Explain the terms speed of ions, ionic mobility and transport number. How they are related to each other?

## SECTION-C

- (a) What are reversible Electrodes? Explain those giving examples.
  - (b) Derive the Nernst equation for measuring the EMF of a cell.
- 6. (a) Define the terms activity and activity coefficient. 2
  - (b) Describe how the hydrogen electrode is used for measuring pH of an aqueous solution?
    2

### SECTION-D

- (a) Give one example each of electrolyte concentration cell with and without transference and also write the cell reactions and expression for e.m.f. of these cells.
  - (b) With the help of potentiometric method how will you determine the solubility of a sparingly soluble salt?

2

- 8. (a) Explain how the discharge potential of an ion helps in deciding the deposition of a metal on the electrode from a solution containing a number of different ions. 2
  - (b) Explain the terms electrolytic polarization and concentration polarization.

# (Compulsory Question)

- 9. (a) What are freezing mixtures? Give examples.
  - (b) What is the cause of positive deviations from Raoult's law? What are its consequences?
  - (c) What is the effect of temperature on distribution law?
  - (d) State Kohlrausch's law. Why is it called the law of independent migration of ions?
  - (e) What is liquid junction potential?
  - (f) What is EMF of a cell? Why EMF of the cell drops to zero after some time?

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