

(i) Printed Pages : 2

Roll No. ....

(ii) Questions : 7

Sub. Code : 

0	3	4	8
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Exam. Code : 

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B.A./B.Sc. (General) 4<sup>th</sup> Semester  
(2042)

PHYSICS

Paper : B Optics and Lazer-II

Time Allowed : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 44

**Note** :— (1) Attempt **five** questions in all, selecting **two** questions each from Unit-1 and Unit-2. Question No. 7 (Unit-3) is compulsory.

(2) Use of non-Programmable calculator is allowed.

### UNIT-1

1. (a) What are Einstein's coefficients ? Derive a relation between Einstein's Spontaneous and Stimulated emission coefficients. 6  
(b) A laser beam of 1.3 mm diameter has a power of 20 mW. Find the intensity of beam. 3
2. (a) What do you mean by broadening of spectral lines ? Derive the expression for Doppler broadening. 6  
(b) Find Doppler broadening for neon line at wavelength 6328 Å at temperature 27°C. Atomic weight of Neon is 20. 3
3. (a) Laser is basically a three component device. Explain with necessary diagram. 6  
(b) What are longitudinal and transverse modes ? 3



## UNIT-2

4. (a) Explain the construction and working of Ruby laser by drawing suitable energy diagram. Also explain what is spiking. 6  
(b) What are applications of laser ? 3
5. (a) Describe the construction and working of Nd: YAG laser. 6  
(b) Give a detailed account of Intermodal and Intramodal dispersion. 3
6. (a) Describe optical fibre and its construction. Explain the terms critical angle, acceptance angle and numerical aperture of an optical fibre. 6  
(b) An optical fibre whose refractive index is 1.5 and cladding refractive index 1.47. Calculate acceptance angle in air for the core. 3

## UNIT-3

7. Attempt any eight parts :
- (a) What is Luminescence ?  
(b) What is laser pumping ?  
(c) What is the cause of high coherence in lasers ? Explain.  
(d) What are the advantages of four level scheme over three level scheme ?  
(e) What is importance of metastable state in a laser ?  
(f) Why is dye laser known as tuneable laser ?  
(g) Write any two features of semiconductor laser.  
(h) Why cladding is necessary in optical fibre ?  
(i) How the resonant transfer of energy takes place in a  $\text{CO}_2$  laser ?  
(j) Differentiate between photograph and a hologram.  $1 \times 8 = 8$