Exam.Code:0002 Sub. Code: 0101

2071

B.A./B.Sc. (General) Second Semester English (Compulsory) (For BA only and Shastri 2nd Semester)

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 45

NOTE: Attempt <u>all questions</u>. Attempt all parts of a question together.

x-x-x

Section - A

- I. Explain with reference to the context one each from Poetry and Prose:-
 - a) No mocries now for them: no prayers no bells,
 Nor any voice of mourning save the choirs,
 The shrill, demented choirs of wailing shells,
 And bugles calling for them from sad shires.

OR

The price seemed reasonable, location
Indifferent. The landlady swore she lived
Off premises. Nothing remained
But self confession.

b) Man has through the ages sought in vain for an imaginary elixir of life, the divine Amrita, a draught of which was thought to confer immortality. But the true elixir of life lies near to our hands. For it is the commonest of all liquids, plain water.

OR

As she shope with real feeling, I got a vivid picture of the work these two people were doing - how they took derelict adolescents from the juvenile courts and placing them in a healthy environment, healed them in mind and body, sent them back into the world trained in a useful craft. (2x5)

- II. Answer any two of the following question in 50-60 words each:
 - a) Why does the speaker in 'Telephone Conversation' ask the lady to see his palm and sole?
 - b) What does the scene at Dover Beach look like?
 - c) Who is 'Unknown Citizen' of poem's title?
 - d) Discuss central idea of Wilfred Owen's poem "Anthem for Doomed Youth'.
 - e) Why does the poet refer to Sophocles and the Aegean Sea? (Dover Beach)

(5)

- III. Answer any two questions in 100-120 words each:
 - a) Attempt a character-sketch of the author of the 'Letter' on the basis of information given by him. (Letter to a Teacher).
 - b) Do you think that judicial intervention is the only way to provide redress to aggrieved citizens and to take up matters of aggrieved citizens and to take up matters of public interest? (Taking the law into their hands)
 - c) What is Soil-erosion? What is the connection between soil-erosion, afforestation and conservation of water? (The Elixir of Life) (6)

Section - B

IV. Write a letter to younger brother to follow guidelines to get protection from COVID-19.

OR

Draft a letter to your friend requesting him to continue his studies after graduation.

(5)

- V. Do as directed:
 - a) Change the narration:
 - i) She said, "I can finish the work in time".
 - ii) The teacher said, "The moon revolves around the earth".

b)	Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions:-
	i) His father deals clothes.
	ii) The roads leads college.
	iii) Who is knocking the door?
c)	Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions:-
	i) I Know is on his mind.
	ii) Geologists tell us the Nile valley is the creation of the river itself.
d)	Give synonyms of the following words:-
	i) Cordial
	ii) Astonish
	iii) Quarantine (10)
Re	ad the following passes and answer the question given at the end: -
	Travelling is now considered as an indispensable part of education. T
kn	owledge gathered from books is of somewhat theoretical character and in order

Travelling is now considered as an indispensable part of education. The knowledge gathered from books is of somewhat theoretical character and in order to make it really useful; we must supplement it by a varied experience of the practical side of life and nature. Even if looked at from different point of view, it is a fact that none but the wanderers can thoroughly enjoy home. Travel and home are like exertion and rest, each are compliment of other, so that one of the greatest pleasures of travel is the return. On the other hand, home abiding men are like toads in a well. They have few higher aspirations.

Questions:

VI.

- a) What types of knowledge do books give?
- b) How can it be made useful?
- c) Who can enjoy home thoroughly?
- d) What is the relationship between travel and home?
- e) Give suitable title of passage.

(5)

VII. Translate any four sentences into English:-

a)	पहले तोलो फिर बोलो।	ਪਹਿਲਾ ਤੋਲੋਂ ਫਿਰ ਬੋਲੋ।
b)	जहाँ चाह वहाँ राह।	ਜਿੱਥੇ ਚਾਹ ਉੱਥੇ ਰਾਹ।
c)	डाक्टर ने मेरी नब्ज देखी।	ਡਾਕਟਰ ਨੇ ਮੇਰੀ ਨਬਜ਼ ਦੇਖੀ।
d)	मेरा सिर चकरा रहा है।	ਮੇਰਾ ਸਿਰ ਚਕਰਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।
e)	सत्य कड़वा होता है।	ਸੱਚ ਕੋੜਾ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।
f)	यह आम रास्ता नहीं है।	ਇਹ ਆਮ ਰਸਤਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ।

(For Foreign Students)

Write a paragraph in 100 words:-

'Self confidence'

(4)