Exam.Code:0473

Sub. Code: 3710

2071 M.Sc. (Physics) Second Semester

PHY-8022: Statistical Mechanics

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. IX (Unit-V) which is compulsory and selecting one question each from Unit I - IV.

x-x-x

UNIT - I

- I. a) What is entropy of mixing? Discuss how the entropy of mixing of samples of two dissimilar gases is different from zero and leads to Gibb's paradox.
 - b) State and prove Liouville's theorem. Discuss its consequences. How do they lead to the description of microcanonical and a canonical ensemble? (2x8)
- II. a) State and prove equipartition theorem.
 - b) Define the phase space of classical system. Describe how microstate of a system is represented in phase-space. (2x8)

UNIT - II

- III. a) Derive the expression for energy and density fluctuation in a grand canonical ensemble.
 - b) What is an ensembles? Discuss various types of ensembles. (2x8)
- IV. a) Evaluate partition function of ideal gas in quantum mechanism ensemble. Generalize it for different ensembles.
 - b) Analyse the problem of solid-vapours equilibrium by using grand partition function. (2x8)

UNIT - III

- V. a) Set up the equation of state for an ideal Fermi-gas. Establish the condition leading to the complete degeneracy of the system. Also calculate the zero point energy of the Fermi gas.
 - b) Draw a labeled diagram to show the isotherms of an ideal Bose gas. (12,4) P.T.O.

- VI. a) Define the mean thermal wavelength of a particle? Discuss the phenomenon of Bose-Einstien condensation.
 - b) Show that in the limit of $T \to 0$. Fermi gas follows the third law of thermodynamics. (2x8)

UNIT - IV

- VII. a) Discuss an experimental observation on spontaneous magnetization of ferromatnetic materials, which shows that the phenomenon of ferromagnetism is associated only with spins of electrons and not with their orbital motion.
 - b) Discuss the Ising and Heisen Berg models of interaction energy of a lattice. (2x8)
- VIII. a) Discuss the Enstein-Smoluchowski theory of Brownian motion and show that the ensembles of Brownian particles, initially concentrated at the origin diffuses out as the time progresses.
 - b) Write a note on non-equilibrium processes.

(2x8)

UNIT - V

- IX. Attempt the following:
 - a) What is a classical ideal gas?
 - b) Give the statement of virial theorem.
 - c) What is isothermal compressibility? Under what condition accompanying phase transitions, it become excessively large.
 - d) What is thermodynamic Limit? Explain its importance.
 - e) In context of white dwarf stars, what is Chander-Shekhar Limit? And how it is related to the mass of sun.
 - f) Compare graphically the specific heats of a classical ideal gas as a function of temperature and Bose gas.
 - g) What is relationship between $\mathcal{O}(N,V,E)$ and $\Sigma(N,V,E)$?
 - h) Define critical opalescence. What are the conditions leading to it? (8x2)