Exam.Code:0037

Sub. Code: 0984

2022

B.Sc. (Hons.) Biotechnology Fifth Semester

BIOT-503-T: Bioinformatics

(Common with Tools in Bioinformatics)

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 67

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting one question from each Unit.

Y-Y-Y

1: Explain the following briefly-

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- i. How you can find significance of sequence alignment?
- ii. List the programs used to submit sequence data to databases?
- iii. Explain Hammig and levenshtein distance.
- iv. Differentiate between global and local alignment?
- v. What are unigenes?
- vi. How bootstrapping is applied in phylogenetic analysis?
- vii. Explain Gap opening, Gap extension and Gap penalty?
- viii. Discuss PHI-BLAST?
 - ix. What are hydropathy plots?
 - x. How MZEF works?

Unit-I

- 2: (a) Explain SCOP and CATH databases in detail?
 - (b) Explain primary protein sequence and structure databases with examples.
- 3: (a) Explain various DNA databases, information stored in these databases and how can we access them?
 - (b) Explain Pfam and Profiles databases of proteins?

 $6.5 \times 2 = 13$

Unit II

- 4: (a) Explain dot plot. Explain with suitable example how we can use it for sequence analysis.
- (b) Explain the matrices used for scoring the sequence alignment. Discuss, whether PAM is better or BLOSSUM and Why.
- 5: (a) Discuss BLAST? How can we use BLAST to search protein and DNA databases.
 - (b) What is multiple sequence alignment? What kind of information we can get from it?

 $6.5 \times 2 = 13$

Unit III

- 6: (a) What are the difference between phylogenetic trees represented as Cladogram, dendrogram and ultrametric trees?
- (b) Explain MEGA and UPGMA program for tree construction.
- 7: (a) Explain maximum likelihood and maximum parsimony methods of phylogenetic analysis?.
- (b) Explain the following terminologies with respect to phylogenetics trees: Taxon, clade, rooted and unrooted trees, edge length, start tree.

 $6.5 \times 2 = 13$

Unit IV

- 8: (a) On what principle the PSI-PRED and PHD algorithm is based on? Explain the steps in detail?
 - (b) Explain any two neural networks based method of Gene annotation?
- 9: (a) What is gene annotation? Explain GRAIL and GLIMMER?.
 - (b) What is the principle difference between homology modeling, fold-recognition and ab initio structure prediction?

 $6.5 \times 2 = 13$